61st Legislature HB0133



AN ACT REVISING LAWS RELATING TO THE ADMINISTRATION OF CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT; ALLOWING ALTERNATIVE METHODS OF PAYMENT IN LIEU OF INCOME WITHHOLDING; CONFORMING CHILD SUPPORT ASSIGNMENT PROVISIONS TO THE FEDERAL DEFICIT REDUCTION ACT OF 2005; AMENDING SECTIONS 17-4-105, 40-5-225, 40-5-403, 40-5-601, 40-5-907, 53-2-110, AND 53-2-613, MCA; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 17-4-105, MCA, is amended to read:

"17-4-105. Authority to collect debt -- offsets. (1) Once a debt of an agency has been transferred to the department, the department may collect it. The department may contract with commercial collection agents for recovery of debts owed to agencies.

- (2) The department shall, when appropriate, offset any amount due an agency from a person or entity against any amount, including refunds of taxes, owing the person or entity by an agency. The department may not exercise this right of offset until the debtor has first been notified by the department and been given an opportunity for a hearing pursuant to 15-1-211. An offset may not be made against any amount paid out as child support collected by the department of public health and human services. The department shall deduct from the claim and draw warrants for the amounts offset in favor of the respective agencies to which the debt is due and for any balance in favor of the claimant. Whenever insufficient to offset all amounts due the agencies, the amount available must be applied first to debts owed by reason of the nonpayment of child support and then in the manner determined appropriate by the department.
- (3) (a) The department may enter into an agreement with the federal government to offset against tax refunds payable by the federal government and pay to this the state those any taxes or other debts owed to an agency of this the state.
- (b) (i) The department may enter into an agreement with another state or an agency of another state to offset against tax refunds payable by the other state or agency of the other state and pay to this state those any



taxes or other debts owed to this state or an agency of this state.

- (ii) To facilitate an agreement of the kind authorized by subsection (3)(b)(i), the department may enter into an agreement that allows the other state or agency of the other state to offset against tax refunds payable by this state the whole or part of an amount owed for taxes to the other state or agency of the other state. However, the department may enter into an agreement of the type authorized by this subsection (3)(b)(ii) only if the other state or agency of the other state allows this state or an agency of this state to offset against tax refunds owed by the other state or agency of the other state <u>any</u> taxes or other debts owed to this state or an agency of this state.
- (c) A state or agency of another state entering into an agreement with the department pursuant to subsection (3)(b)(ii) may not exercise the offset against tax refunds unless the other state or agency of the other state has notified the taxpayer of the taxes due and has given the taxpayer an opportunity for review or appeal of the tax debt. Another state or agency of another state intending to offset taxes shall provide the department with proof of notification and opportunity for review or appeal before the offset is exercised.
- (4) (a) A debt owed to the department of public health and human services or being collected by the department of public health and human services on behalf of any person or agency may be offset by the department if the debt is being enforced or collected by the department of public health and human services under Title IV-D of the Social Security Act.
- (b) The debt <u>does not</u> need <u>not to</u> be determined to be uncollectible as provided for in 17-4-104 before being transferred to the department for offset. The debt must have accrued through written contract, court judgment, or administrative order, or a distribution the recipient was not entitled to retain as described in 40-5-910.
- (c) Within 30 days following the notification provided for in subsection (2), the person owing a debt described in subsection (4)(a) may request a hearing. The request must be in writing and be mailed to the department. The person owing a debt is not entitled to a hearing if the amount of the debt has been the subject matter of any proceeding conducted for the purpose of determining the validity of the debt and a decision made as a result of that proceeding has become final. The hearing must initially be conducted by teleconferencing methods and is subject to the provisions of the Montana Administrative Procedure Act. The department of public health and human services shall adopt rules governing the hearing procedures.
 - (5) If the department determines that a person or entity has refused or neglected to file a claim within



a reasonable time, the head of the state agency owing the amount shall file the claim on behalf of the person or entity. If the claim is approved by the department, the claim has the same force and effect as though if it were filed by the person or entity. The amount due any person or entity from the state or any agency of the state is the net amount otherwise owing the person or entity after any offset, as provided in this section.

(6) A debt owed to a state agency by a local government may not be offset against a payment due to a local government pursuant to 15-1-121."

Section 2. Section 40-5-225, MCA, is amended to read:

- "40-5-225. Notice of financial responsibility -- temporary and final support obligations -- administrative procedure. (1) In the absence of an existing support order, when the requirements of this section are met, the department may enter an order requiring a child's parent or parents to pay an amount each month for the support of the child. An order issued under this section must include a medical support order as required by 40-5-208.
- (2) An The department shall begin an action to establish a support order must be commenced by serving a notice of financial responsibility on the parent or parents. The notice must include a statement:
- (a) of the names of the child, the obligee, and, if different than the obligee, the child's guardian or caretaker relative;
 - (b) of the dollar amount of the support obligation to be paid each month for the child, if any;
- (c) that the monthly support obligation, if any, is effective on the date of service of the notice, unless an objection is made and a hearing is requested, and may be collected during the proceeding that establishes the support obligation by any remedy available to the department for the enforcement of child support obligations;
- (d) that in addition to or independent of child support, the parent or parents may be ordered to provide for the child's medical support needs;
- (e) that any party may request a hearing to contest the amount of child support shown in the notice or to contest the establishment of a medical support order;
- (f) that if a party does not timely file a request for <u>a</u> hearing <u>in a timely manner</u>, support, including medical support, will be ordered as declared in the notice or in accordance with the child support guidelines adopted under 40-5-209;
 - (g) that if a party does request a hearing, the other parties may refuse to participate in the proceedings



and that the child support and medical support order will be determined using the information available to the department or provided at the hearing:

- (h) that a party's refusal to participate is a consent equivalent to consenting to entry of a child support and medical support order consistent with the department's determination; and
 - (i) that the parties are entitled to a fair hearing under 40-5-226.
- (3) (a) If The department may enter an order requiring a child's parent or parents to pay an amount each month for the temporary support of the child pending entry of a support order by the district court if:
- (i) a support action is pending in district court and a temporary or permanent support obligation has not been ordered; or
- (ii) if a paternity action is pending and there is clear and convincing evidence of paternity based on paternity blood tests or other evidence, the department may enter an order requiring a child's parent or parents to pay an amount each month for the temporary support of the child pending entry of a support order by the district court.
 - (b) The temporary support order must include a medical support order as required by 40-5-208.
- (c) A temporary support order may be modified by the department as provided in 40-5-272, 40-5-273, 40-5-277, and 40-5-278 but remains a temporary support order subject to the provisions of this section.
- (4) An The department shall begin an action to establish a temporary support order must be commenced by serving a notice of temporary support obligation on the parent or parents. In addition to the statements required in subsection (2), the notice must include a statement that:
- (a) a party may request a hearing to show that a temporary support obligation is inappropriate under the circumstances; and
- (b) the temporary support order will terminate upon the entry of a final support order or an order of nonpaternity. If the final order is retroactive, any amount paid for a particular period under the temporary support order must be credited against the amounts due under the final order for the same period, but excess amounts may not be refunded. If an order of nonpaternity is issued or if the final support order states that periodic support obligation is not proper, the obligee shall refund to the obligor any improper amounts paid under the temporary support order, plus any costs that the obligor incurs in recovering the amount to be refunded.
- (5) (a) If a temporary support order is entered or if proceedings are commenced under this section for a married obligor, the department shall vacate any support order or dismiss any proceeding under this part if it



finds that the parties to the marriage have:

- (i) reconciled without the marriage having been dissolved;
- (ii) made joint application to the department to vacate the order or dismiss the proceeding; and
- (iii) provided proof that the marriage has been resumed.
- (b) The department may not vacate a support order or dismiss a proceeding under this subsection (5) if it determines that the rights of a third person or the child are affected. The department may issue a new notice of temporary support obligation under this section if the parties subsequently separate.
- (6) A notice of financial responsibility and the notice of temporary support obligation may be served either by certified mail or in the manner prescribed for the service of a summons in a civil action in accordance with the Montana Rules of Civil Procedure.
- (7) If prior to service of a notice under this section the department has sufficient financial information, the department's allegation of the obligor's monthly support responsibility, whether temporary or final, must be based on the child support guidelines established under 40-5-214. If the information is unknown to the department, the allegations of the parent's or parents' monthly support responsibility must be based on the greater of:
- (a) the maximum amount of public assistance that could be payable to the child under Title 53 if the child was otherwise eligible for assistance; or
 - (b) the child's actual need as alleged by the custodial parent, guardian, or caretaker of the child.
- (8) (a) A party who objects to a notice of financial responsibility or notice of temporary support obligation may file a written request for a hearing with the department:
 - (i) within 20 days from the date of service of a notice of financial responsibility; and
 - (ii) within 10 days from the date of service of a notice of temporary support obligation.
 - (b) If the department receives a timely request for a hearing, it shall conduct one under 40-5-226.
- (c) If the department does not receive a timely request for a hearing, it shall order the parent or parents to pay child support, if any, and to provide for the child's medical needs as stated in the notice. The child support obligation must be the amount stated in the notice or determined in accordance with the child support guidelines adopted under 40-5-209.
- (9) If the department is unable to enter an obligation in accordance with the child support guidelines because of default of a party, the department may, upon notice to the parties to the original order, substitute a



support order made in accordance with the guidelines for the defaulted order.

- (10) After establishment of an order under this section, the department may initiate a subsequent action on the original order to establish a child support or medical support obligation for another child of the same parents.
- (11) A child support and medical support order under subsection (1) is effective as of the date of service of a notice of financial responsibility on the parent or parents and may be collected by any remedy available to the department for the enforcement of child support obligations. A final order is retroactive to the date of service of the notice of financial responsibility as provided in this subsection, except that the final order may also determine child support for a prior period as provided in 40-5-226(3).
- (12) A child support and medical support order under subsection (1) continues until the child reaches 18 years of age or until the child's graduation from high school, whichever occurs later, but not later than the child's 19th birthday, unless the child is sooner emancipated by court order at an earlier time. A temporary support obligation established under subsection (3) continues until terminated as provided in subsection (5) or until the temporary support order is superseded by a final order, judgment, or decree."

Section 3. Section 40-5-403, MCA, is amended to read:

"40-5-403. Definitions. As used in this part, the following definitions apply:

- (1) "Alternative arrangement" means a written agreement between the obligor and obligee, and the department in the case of an assignment of rights under 53-2-613, that has been approved and entered in the record of the court or administrative authority issuing or modifying the support order.
 - (2) "Department" means the department of public health and human services provided for in 2-15-2201.
 - (3) "Employer" includes a payor.
 - (4) "Financial institution" means:
- (a) a depository institution, as defined in section 3(c) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, 12 U.S.C. 1813(c);
 - (b) an institution-affiliated party, as defined in the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, 12 U.S.C. 1813(u);
- (c) any state credit union, as defined in 32-3-102, or federal credit union, as defined in section 101 of the Federal Credit Union Act, 12 U.S.C. 1752, including an institution-affiliated party of a credit union, as defined in section 206(r) of the Federal Credit Union Act, 12 U.S.C. 1786(r); and



- (d) any benefit association, insurance company, safe deposit company, money market mutual fund, or similar entity authorized to do business in the state.
- (4)(5) (a) "Income" means any form of periodic payment to a person, regardless of source, including commissions, bonuses, workers' compensation, disability payments, payments under a pension or retirement program, interest, and earnings and wages.
 - (b) However, income Income does not include:
- (a)(i) any amount required by law to be withheld, other than creditor claims, including federal, state, and local taxes, and social security, mandatory retirement and disability contributions, and union dues; and or
 - (b)(ii) any amounts exempted from judgment, execution, or attachment by federal or state law.
- (5)(6) "Obligee" means either a person to whom a duty of support is owed or a public agency of this or another state or an Indian tribe to which a person has assigned the right to receive current and accrued support payments.
 - (6)(7) "Obligor" means a person who owes a duty to make payments under a support order.
- (7)(8) "Payor" means any payor of income to an obligor on a periodic basis and includes any person, firm, corporation, association, employer, trustee, political subdivision, state agency, or any agent thereof who is subject to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state under Rule 4B of the Montana Rules of Civil Procedure or any employer under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act contained in part 1 of this chapter.
 - (8)(9) "Support order" has the meaning provided in 40-5-201.
- (9)(10) "IV-D agency" or "Title IV-D agency" means the agency responsible for the provision of services under Title IV-D of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. 651, et seq."
- Section 4. Alternative method of payment in lieu of income withholding. (1) If an obligor who would otherwise be subject to immediate income withholding under 40-5-411 demonstrates good cause not to require immediate income withholding and the department concurs, the department may enter into a written agreement with the obligor that provides for an alternative method of payment in lieu of and to satisfy immediate income withholding.
- (2) The agreement must allow funds to be deducted from a financial institution deposit account or to be paid by credit card.
 - (3) To qualify for an alternative method of payment, an obligor must have paid the full amount of the child



support obligation for the lesser of either the past 12 months or the time period since the support order was issued.

Section 5. Section 40-5-601, MCA, is amended to read:

- "40-5-601. Failure to pay support -- civil contempt. (1) For purposes of this section, "support" means child support; spousal support; health insurance, medical, dental, and optical payments; day-care expenses; and any other payments due as support under a court or administrative order. Submission of health insurance claims is a support obligation if health insurance coverage is ordered.
- (2) If a person obligated to provide support fails to pay as ordered, the payee or assignee of the payee of the support order may petition a district court to find the obligated person in contempt.
 - (3) The petition may be filed in the district court:
 - (a) that issued the support order;
 - (b) of the judicial district in which the obligated person resides; or
 - (c) of the judicial district in which the payee or assignee of the payee resides or has an office.
- (4) Upon filing of a verified petition alleging facts constituting contempt of the support order, the district court shall issue an order requiring the obligated person to appear and show cause why the obligated person should not be held in contempt and punished under this section.
 - (5) The obligated person is presumed to be in contempt upon a showing that:
- (a) there is a support order issued by a court or administrative agency of this or another state, an Indian tribe, or a country with jurisdiction to enter the order;
 - (b) the obligated person had actual or constructive knowledge of the order; and
 - (c) the obligated person failed to pay support as ordered.
- (6) Certified payment records maintained by a clerk of court or administrative agency authorized by law or by the support order to collect support are admissible in a proceeding under this section and are prima facie evidence of the amount of support paid and any arrearages under the support order.
- (7) Following a showing under subsection (5), the obligated person may move to be excused from the contempt by showing clear and convincing evidence that the obligated person:
 - (a) has insufficient income to pay the arrearages;
 - (b) lacks personal or real property that can be sold, mortgaged, or pledged to raise the needed sum;



- (c) has unsuccessfully attempted to borrow the sum from a financial institution;
- (d) has no other source, including relatives, from which the sum can be borrowed or secured;
- (e) does not have <u>has</u> a valid out-of-court agreement with the payee waiving, deferring, or otherwise compromising the support obligation; or
 - (f) cannot, for some other reason, reasonably comply with the order.
- (8) In addition to the requirement of subsection (7), the obligated person shall also show by clear and convincing evidence that factors constituting the excuse were not occasioned or caused by the obligated person voluntarily:
- (a) remaining unemployed or underemployed when there is employment suitable to the obligated person's skills and abilities available within a reasonable distance from the obligated person's residence;
- (b) selling, transferring, or encumbering real or personal property for fictitious or inadequate consideration within 6 months prior to a failure to pay support when due;
- (c) selling or transferring real property without delivery of possession within 6 months prior to a failure to pay support when due or, if the sale or transfer includes a reservation of a trust for the use of the obligated person, purchasing real or personal property in the name of another person or entity;
- (d) continuing to engage in an unprofitable business or contract unless the obligated person cannot reasonably be removed from the unprofitable situation; or
- (e) incurring debts subsequent to entry of the support order that impair the obligated person's ability to pay support.
- (9) If the obligated person is not excused under subsections (7) and (8), the district court shall find the obligated person in contempt of the support order. For each failure to pay support under the order, the district court shall order punishment as follows:
 - (a) not more than 5 days incarceration in the county jail;
 - (b) not more than 120 hours of community service work;
 - (c) not more than a \$500 fine; or
 - (d) any combination of the penalties in subsections (9)(a) through (9)(c).
- (10) An order under subsection (9) must include a provision allowing the obligated person to purge the contempt. The obligated person may purge the contempt by complying with an order requiring the obligated person to:



- (a) seek employment and periodically report to the district court all efforts to find employment;
- (b) meet a repayment schedule;
- (c) compensate the payee for the payee's attorney fees, costs, and expenses for a proceeding under this section:
- (d) sell or transfer real or personal property or transfer real or personal property to the payee, even if the property is exempt from execution;
 - (e) borrow the arrearage amount or report to the district court all efforts to borrow the sum;
 - (f) meet any combination of the conditions in subsections (10)(a) through (10)(e); or
 - (g) meet any other conditions that the district court in its discretion finds reasonable.
- (11) If the obligated person fails to comply with conditions for purging contempt, the district court shall immediately find the obligated person in contempt under this section and impose punishment.
- (12) A proceeding under this section must be brought within 3 years of the date of the last failure to comply with the support order."

Section 6. Section 40-5-907, MCA, is amended to read:

- **"40-5-907. Case registry -- abstracts -- information required -- mandatory updating.** (1) There must be registered in the case registry an abstract of:
 - (a) each case, including interstate cases, receiving IV-D services provided by the department;
- (b) each support order entered and each modification of an existing support order made in this state after October 1, 1998; and
- (c) each subsequent order or action establishing, modifying, adjusting, granting relief from, terminating, or otherwise affecting a support order in a registered case.
 - (2) Each abstract must include:
- (a) the name, sex, [social security number, other] identification numbers, if any, date of birth, driver's license number, telephone number, and residential and mailing addresses of the parents;
- (b) the child's name, date of birth, sex, [social security number, if any,] and residential address if different from that of the child's custodian:
 - (c) the name and location of the obligee if the obligee is a person or agency other than the child's parent;
 - (d) the name, address, and telephone number of the obligor's employer or of another payor of income



to the obligor; and

- (e) (i) if the child is covered by a health or medical insurance plan and the information is available in an electronic format, the name of the insurance carrier or health benefit plan, the policy identification number, the name of the persons covered, and any other pertinent information regarding coverage; or
- (ii) if the child is not covered, information as to the availability of coverage for the child through the obligor's and obligee's employers; and
 - (f) any other information that the department considers relevant and requires by rule.
 - (3) The abstract of a support order must include:
- (a) the amount of the support payment and supplemental support payments, if any, for each child and the amount of spousal maintenance if ordered in the same case;
 - (b) the specific day or dates the payment is due;
 - (c) the inclusive dates of the support obligation;
- (d) the terms of any condition that may affect the amount of the payment, the due date, or the obligation to pay support;
- (e) each subsequent judgment for support arrears and the amounts of any interest, late payment penalties, and fees included in the judgment;
 - (f) any specific child support lien imposed against real or personal property of the obligor;
 - (g) the terms of any medical and health coverage provision for the child; and
- (h) the name and county of the judicial district or the name and address of the agency where the record of the case is located and the cause number or case identification number for the case.
- (4) (a) For each IV-D case with a support order registered in the case registry, there must be a record of the date and the amount of support payments made by the obligor, dates and amounts of support collected from other sources, dates of distribution of support payments, names and locations of persons or agencies to whom support payments and collections were distributed, and the balance of support owed by the obligor.
- (b) Except as provided in subsection (5), the department need not maintain payment records in a non IV-D case.
- (5) A copy of each non IV-D income-withholding order must be included in the case registry. For each registered income-withholding order, there must be a record of payments received by the department from the payor under the income-withholding order, the date and amount of each payment, the date the department



distributed the payment, and the person or agency to whom the payment was distributed.

- (6) The statistical report required by the department under 50-15-302 may be combined with and made a part of the abstract of support order form.
- (7) (a) Each support order entered or modified in this state after October 1, 1998, must include a requirement that the obligor and obligee update, as necessary, the information included in the abstract under subsection (2).
- (b) The order must also provide that in a subsequent child support enforcement action, upon sufficient showing that diligent effort has been made to ascertain the location of the obligor or obligee, the court or agency taking the enforcement action may consider the due process requirements for notice and service of process to be met with respect to the party upon delivery of written notice by regular mail to the most recent address or employer address reported to the case registry.
- (c) If the support order does not include the provisions required by subsections (7)(a) and (7)(b) or if the support order was entered or last modified in this state before October 1, 1998, the department may give written notice of the provisions to the obligor and obligee. Upon receipt of the notice, the provisions have the same force and effect on the obligor and obligee as if included in the support order. (Bracketed language terminates on occurrence of contingency--sec. 1, Ch. 27, L. 1999.)"

Section 7. Section 53-2-110, MCA, is amended to read:

"53-2-110. Payment of debts to department. If money is due and owing the department, a payment due under Title 40, chapter 5, part 2 or 4 part 2, 4, 7, or 9, or under this chapter that is accompanied by or bears any notation by the debtor that the payment represents payment in full is not full payment, notwithstanding the department's acceptance of the payment, unless there is additional the department signs a written agreement, signed by the department, that the payment is payment in full."

Section 8. Section 53-2-613, MCA, is amended to read:

"53-2-613. Application for assistance -- assignment of support rights. (1) Applications for public assistance, including but not limited to financial assistance or nonfinancial assistance, as defined in 53-2-902, and medical assistance, may be made in any local office of public assistance. The application must be submitted, in the manner and form prescribed by the department, and must contain information required by the department.



- (2) A person who signs an application for financial assistance, as defined in 53-2-902, or for related medical assistance assigns to the state, to the department, and to the county, if county funds were used to pay for services, all rights that the applicant may have to monetary and medical support from any other person in the applicant's own behalf or in behalf of any other family member for whom application is made. A person who signs an application for public assistance other than financial assistance, as defined in 53-2-902, or for related medical assistance may, in accordance with rules adopted by the department, be required to assign to the state, to the department, and to the county all rights that the applicant may have to monetary and medical support from any other person in the applicant's own behalf or on behalf of any other family member for whom application is made.
 - (3) The assignment:
- (a) is effective for both current and accrued support, including unpaid support that accrued before the applicant received public assistance, and medical obligations;
 - (b) takes effect upon a determination that the applicant is eligible for public assistance; and
- (c) remains in effect with respect to the amount of any unpaid support and medical obligation accrued under the assignment that was owed prior to the termination of public assistance to a recipient.
- (4) If a person who is the legal custodian and child support obligee under a support order relinquishes physical custody of a child to a caretaker relative without obtaining a modification of legal custody and the caretaker relative is determined eligible for public assistance on behalf of the child, the child support obligation is transferred by operation of law to the caretaker relative and may be assigned as provided in subsection (2). The transfer and assignment terminate when the caretaker relative no longer has physical custody of the child, except for any unpaid support still owing under the assignment at that time.
- (5) Whenever a child support or spousal support obligation is assigned to the department pursuant to this section, the following provisions apply:
- (a) If the support obligation is based upon a judgment or decree or an order of a court of competent jurisdiction, the department may retain assigned support amounts in an amount sufficient to reimburse the cumulative total of public assistance money expended.
- (b) A recipient or former recipient of public assistance may not commence or maintain an action to recover or enforce a delinquent support obligation or make any agreements with any other person or agency concerning the support obligation, except as provided in 40-5-202.
 - (c) If a notice of assigned interest is filed with the district court, the clerk of the court may not pay over



or release for the benefit of any recipient or former recipient of public assistance any amounts received pursuant to a judgment or decree or an order of the court until the department's child support enforcement division has filed a written notice that:

- (i) the assignment of current support amounts has been terminated; and
- (ii) all assigned support delinquencies, if any, are satisfied or released.
- (d) A recipient or former recipient of public assistance may not take action to modify or make any agreement to modify, settle, or release any past, present, or future support obligation unless the department's child support enforcement division is given written notice under the provisions of 40-5-202. Any modifications or agreements entered into without the participation of the department are void with respect to the state, the department, and the local office of public assistance.
- (e) A support obligation assigned under this section may not be terminated, invalidated, waived, set aside, or considered uncollectible by the conduct, misconduct, or failure of a recipient or former recipient of public assistance to take any action or to cease any action required under a decree, judgment, support order, custody order, visitation order, restraining order, or other similar order."

Section 9. Codification instruction. [Section 4] is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 40, chapter 5, part 4, and the provisions of Title 40, chapter 5 apply to [section 4].

Section 10. Saving clause. [This act] does not affect rights and duties that matured, penalties that were incurred, or proceedings that were begun before [the effective date of this act].

Section 11. Effective dates. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), [this act] is effective October 1, 2009.

(2) [Section 4 and this section] are effective on passage and approval.

- END -



I hereby certify that the within bill,	
HB 0133, originated in the House.	
Chief Clerk of the House	
Speaker of the House	
Signed this	day
of	, 2009.
President of the Senate	
. resident of the condition	
Signed this	day
of	, 2009.



HOUSE BILL NO. 133

INTRODUCED BY R. STOKER

BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

AN ACT REVISING LAWS RELATING TO THE ADMINISTRATION OF CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT; ALLOWING ALTERNATIVE METHODS OF PAYMENT IN LIEU OF INCOME WITHHOLDING; CONFORMING CHILD SUPPORT ASSIGNMENT PROVISIONS TO THE FEDERAL DEFICIT REDUCTION ACT OF 2005; AMENDING SECTIONS 17-4-105, 40-5-225, 40-5-403, 40-5-601, 40-5-907, 53-2-110, AND 53-2-613, MCA; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATES.